

# XRD Characterization of GaN(0002) on Si(111) films Grown by RF-MBE

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## Objective

Aiming at hetero epitaxial growth of high quality and low cost GaN on Si (GoS)

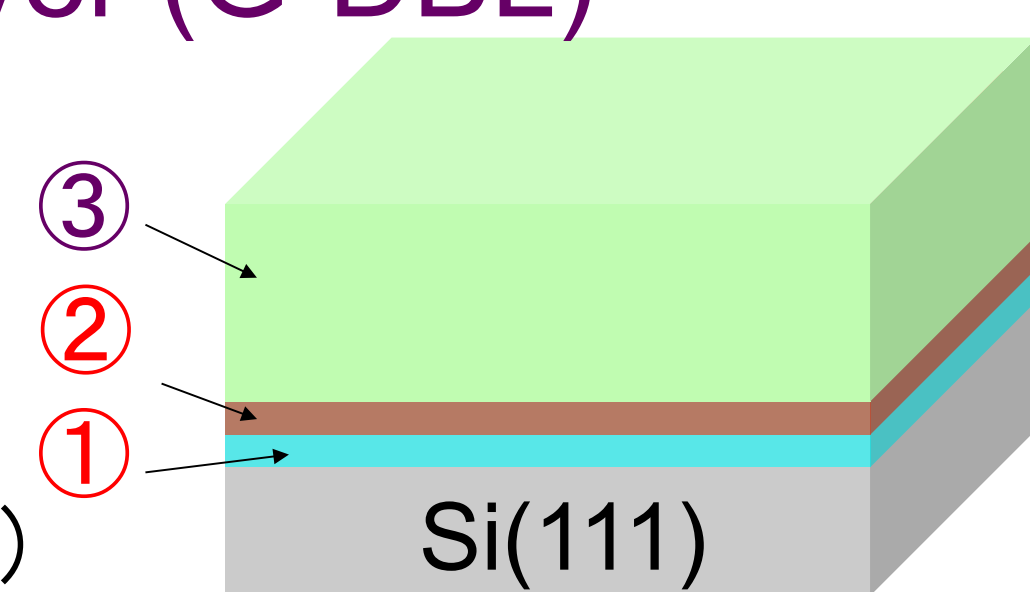
- Characterization of GoS films by XRD method
- Graded composition double buffer layer (G-DBL) and AM-MEE (Activity modulation migration enhanced epitaxy)

## Method

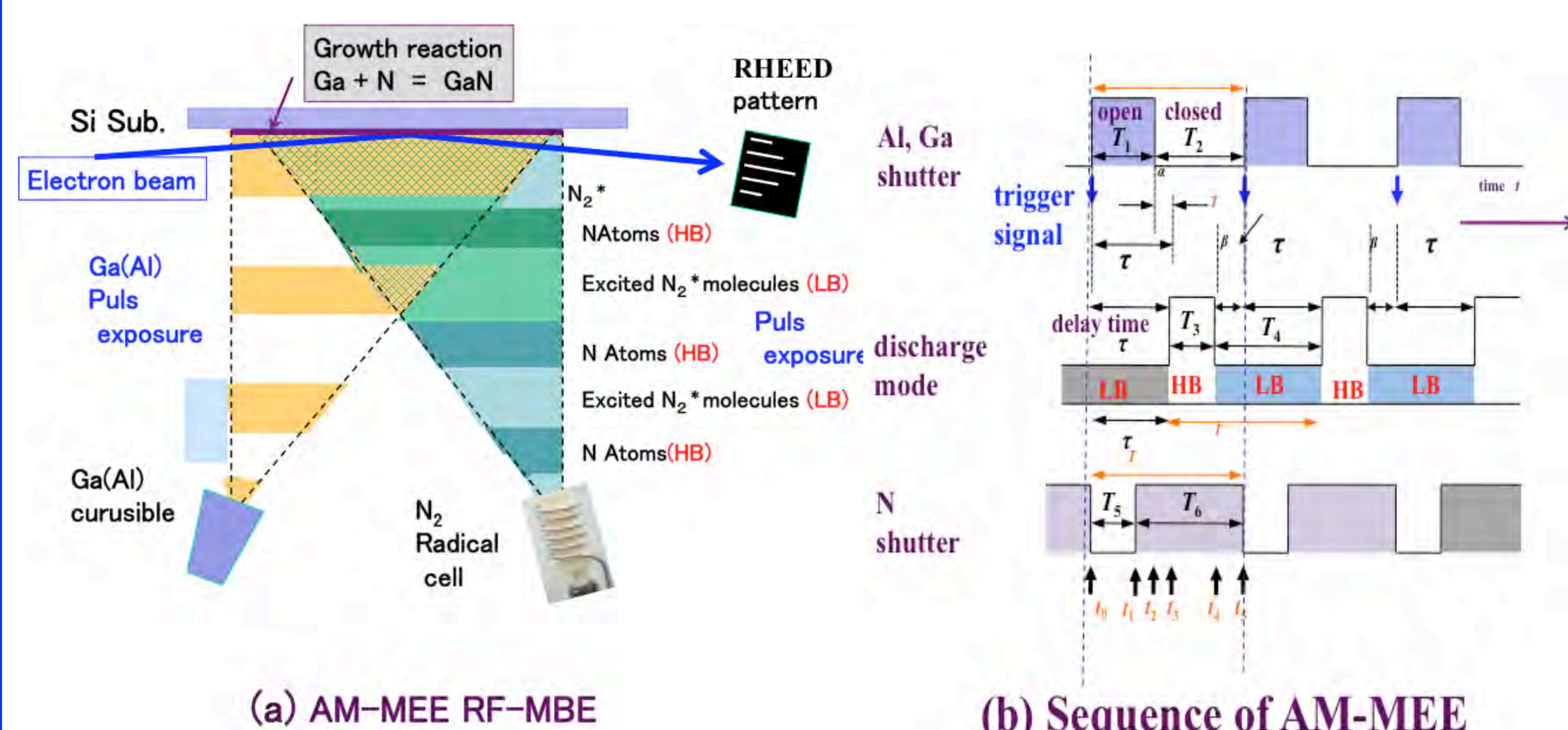
[1] Growth graded Double buffer Layer (G-DBL)

GaN/AlGaIn/AlN/ $\beta$ -Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>/Si(111)

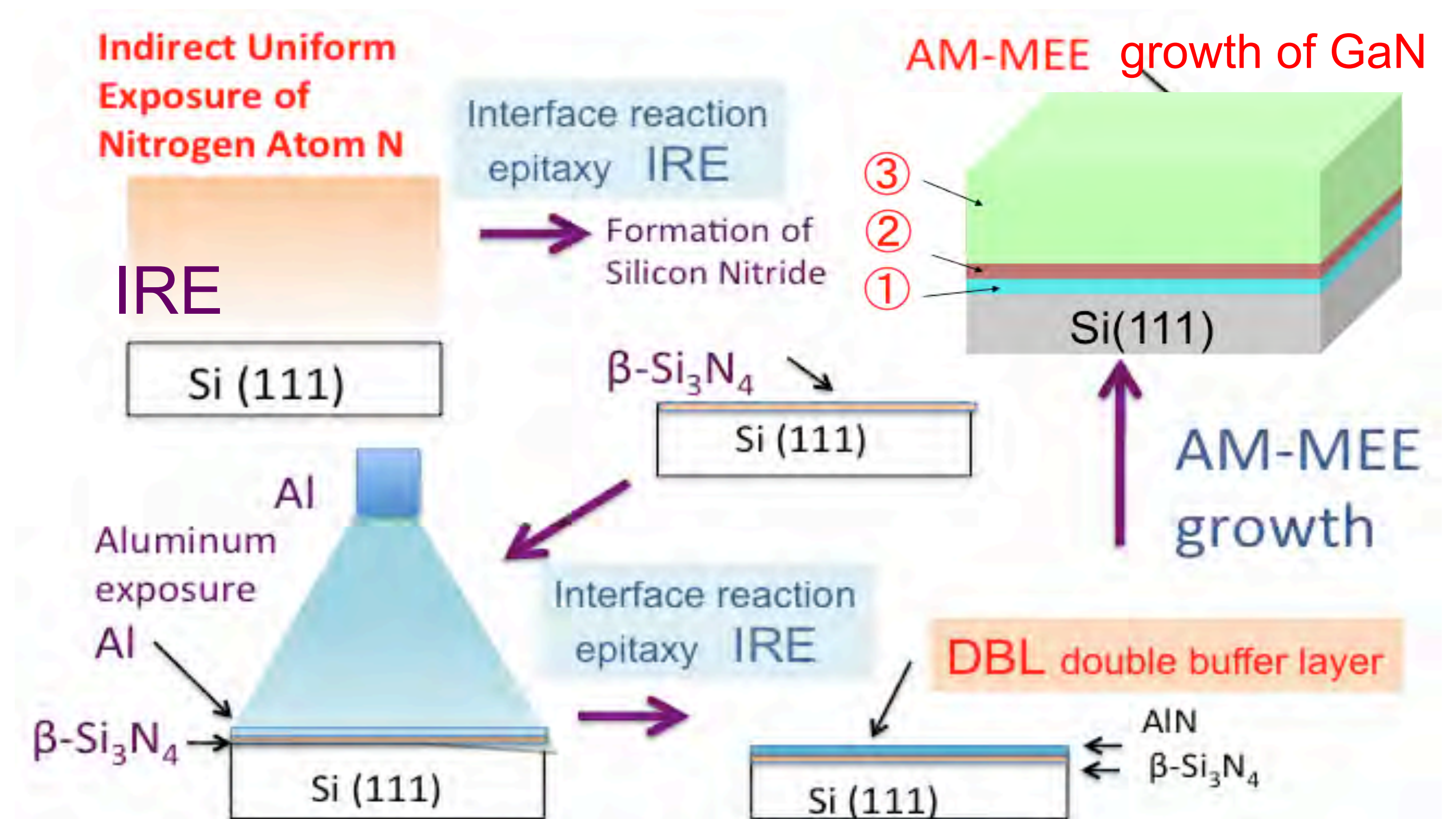
- ① AlN DBL : AlN/ $\beta$ -Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>/Si
- ② Graded composition AlGaIn growth G-DBL (Activity Modulation(AM) MEE)
- ③ GaN growth by AM-MEE



[2] Activity Modulation (AM) MEE



[3] Interface reaction epitaxy of  $\beta$ -Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> on Si, graded double buffer layer, and AM-MEE growth of GaN



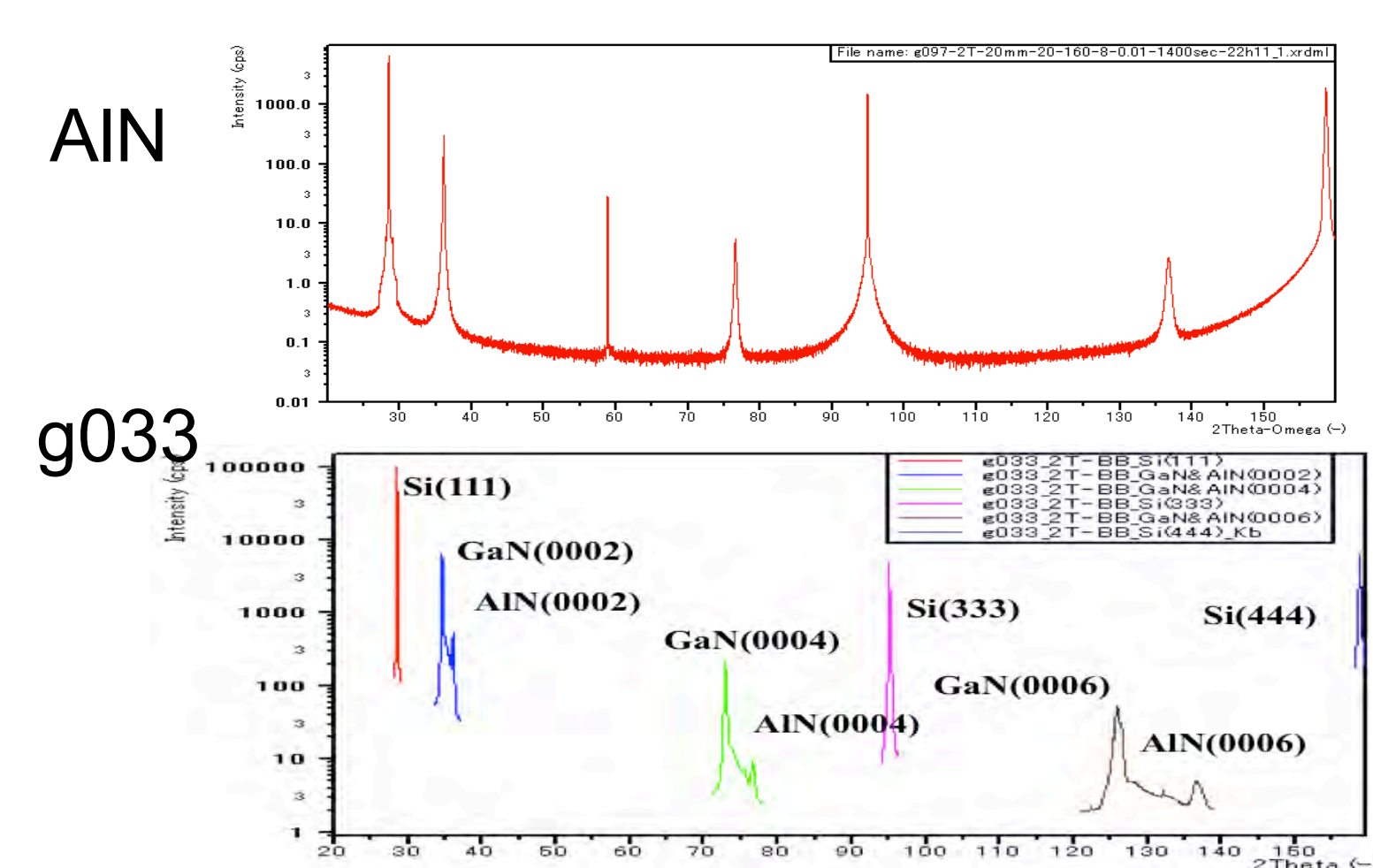
Processes of DBL formation in a MBE chamber with indirect exposure of (N+N\*) atoms and successive exposure of Al flux.

[4] Samples

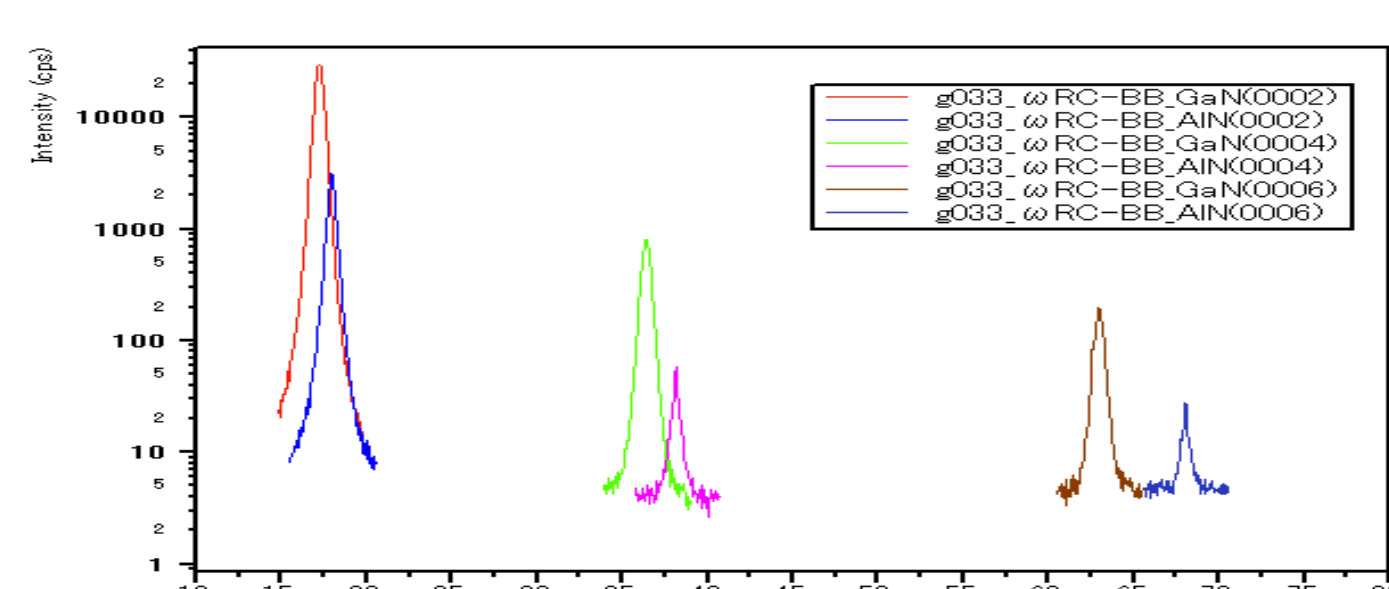
	[nm]		
GaN	g033	g404	f145
AlN or AlGaIn	90	43	191
Si(111)	36	40	46

## Results

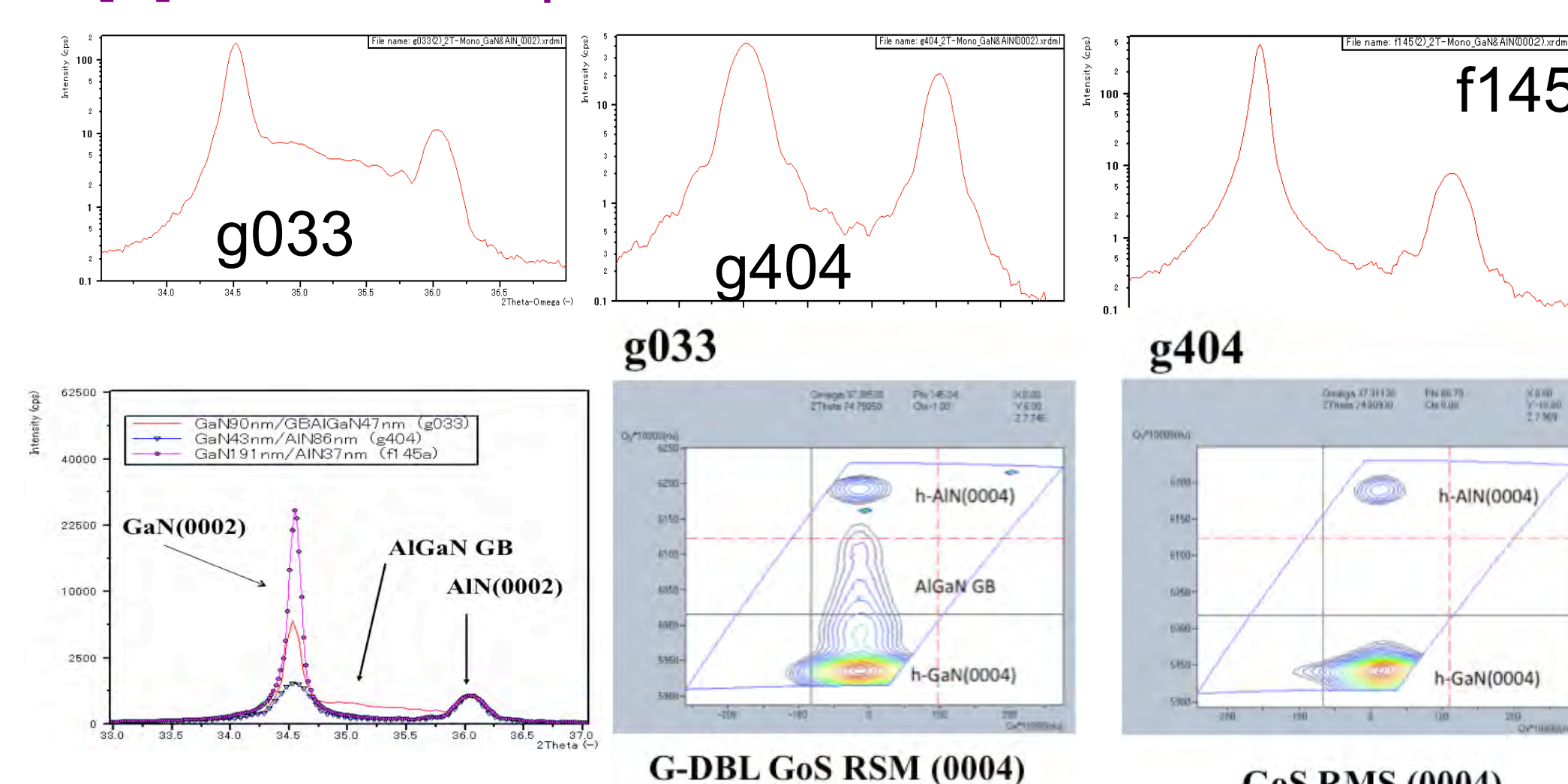
[1] Wide range of  $2\theta$ - $\omega$  XRD pattern



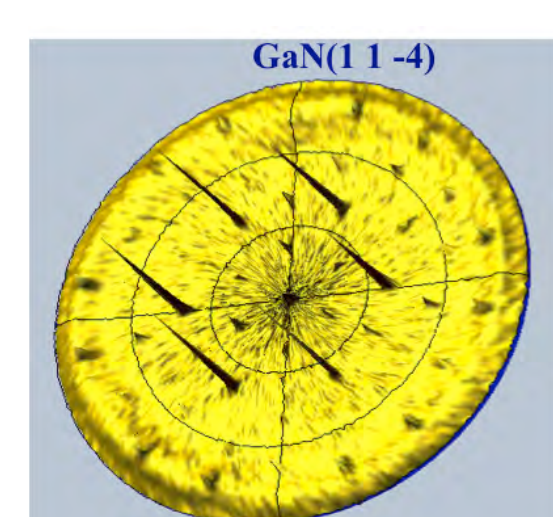
[2]  $\omega$  rocking curves for g033



[3]  $2\theta$ - $\omega$  XRD pattern of G-DBR and RSM



[4] Pole figure of GaN(11-4) f145



[5] FWHM measured for GoS films

	G033 90 nm					
	GaN(0002)	AlN(0002)	GaN(0004)	AlN(0004)	GaN(0006)	AlN(0006)
$\omega$	0.56	0.461	0.573	0.241	0.554	0.166
$2\theta$	0.177	0.251	0.358	0.421	0.918	1.303
	g404 43 nm					
	GaN(0002)	AlN(0002)	GaN(0004)	AlN(0004)	GaN(0006)	AlN(0006)
$\omega$	0.857	0.698	0.855	0.567	0.882	0.403
$2\theta$	0.281	0.232	0.511	0.47		1.1
	f145 191 nm					
	GaN(0002)	AlN(0002)	GaN(0004)	AlN(0004)	GaN(0006)	AlN(0006)
$\omega$	0.322	0.364	0.348	0.347	0.345	0.292
$2\theta$	0.091	0.239	0.159	0.377	0.412	

## Discussion

Thickness of an initial AlN layer is not small for g033 G-DBL. Thicker AlN or GaN layer make smaller FWHM of rocking curves. From point of graded composition double buffer layer, thinner AlN layer may give advantage to be able to thicker GaN layer growth.

## References

- [1] N. Yamabe, H. Shimomura, T. Shimamura, and T. Ohachi, J. Cryst. Growth 311, 3049 (2009).
- [2] N. Yamabe, Y. Yamamoto, and T. Ohachi, Phys. Status Solidi C 8, 1552 (2011).
- [3] T. Ohachi, N. Yamabe, Y. Yamamoto, M. Wada, and O. Ariyada J. Jpn. Appl. Phys. 50, 01AE01(1)-(8) (2011).
- [4] T. Ohachi, Y. Yamamoto, O. Ariyada, Y. Sato, S. Yoshikado, and M. Wada, Phys. Status Solidi C 10, No. 3, 429-432 (2013).
- [5] Y. Yamamoto, N. Yamabe, and T. Ohachi, J. Cryst. Growth 318, 474 (2011).

## Conclusion

- Graded double buffer layer GaN/AlGaIn/AlN/ $\beta$ -Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>/Si was effectively operated to reduce FWHM for GaN layer.
- AM-MEE Growth under Ga excess condition will help to reduce FWHM as like as liquid layer epitaxial mode.